

As per our email to you in December 2020 and associated announcements on our websites of [December 18, 2020](#) for .BANK (and for .INSURANCE [here](#)) and to Registrants, fTLD has modified the Security Requirements to require Registrants who have implemented DNSSEC for their .BANK/.INSURANCE domain(s) to ensure they use strong cryptographic algorithms (i.e., exclude SHA-1 digest in Delegation Signer (DS), CDS, and SSHFP records; and RSASHA1 for DNSKEY and CDNSKEY records).

We understand that some DNS providers support SHA-1 in DS resource records to provide compatibility for older name servers. However, upon consultation with our security monitoring vendor and in-house security adviser, we do not find there to be sufficient rationale to support this use case, especially when considering [RFC-8624](#) has stated clearly that no new SHA-1 keys should be created and furthermore, it has been more than 10 years since the deprecation of SHA-1 a cryptographic hash function (and 8 years for use in digital signatures) so use this far beyond its deprecation is no longer warranted.